Bottom-Up Sequentialization of Unit-Free MALL Proof Nets

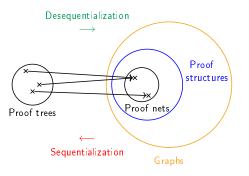


Rémi Di Guardia, Olivier Laurent

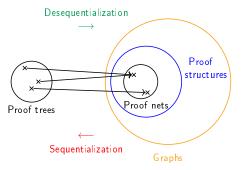
ENS Lyon (LIP), Labex Milyon, ANR Quareme

Linearity & TLLA 2022 31 July - 1 August 2022

Proof nets: graphical, more canonical representation of LL proofs



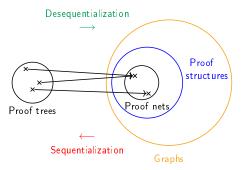
Proof nets: graphical, more canonical representation of LL proofs



MALL Proof Net:

- Girard [Gir96]
- Hughes & Van Glabbeek [HvG05]

Proof nets: graphical, more canonical representation of LL proofs

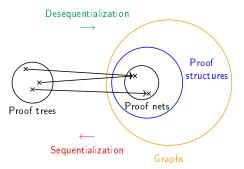


MALL Proof Net:

- Girard [Gir96]
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MLL: multiple correctness criteria, proofs of sequentialization MALL: only one proof of sequentialization for HVG proof nets

Proof nets: graphical, more canonical representation of LL proofs



MALL Proof Net:

- Girard [Gir96]
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MLL: multiple correctness criteria, proofs of sequentialization MALL: only one proof of sequentialization for HVG proof nets

Objectives of this talk:

- main ideas on MALL proof nets
- another proof of sequentialization, extending one from MLL

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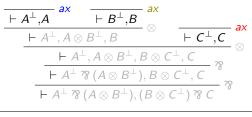
2 Sequentialization for MLL Proof Nets

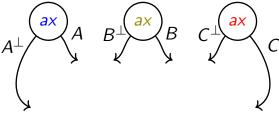
- Presentation of MLL
- Sequentialization proof in MLL

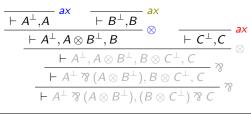
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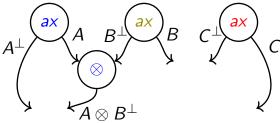
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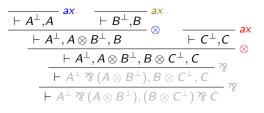
4 Conclusion

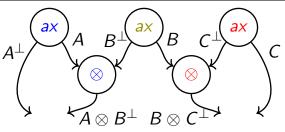


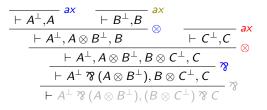


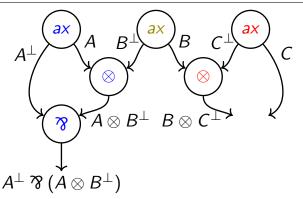


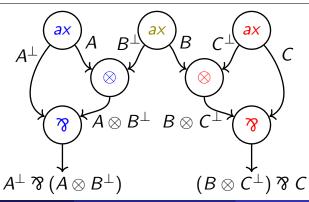




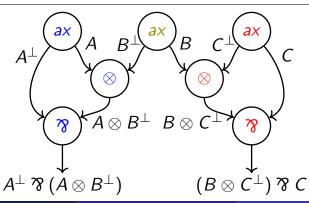


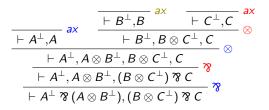


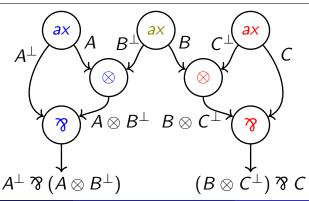




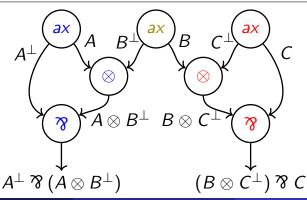
$$\frac{\overline{\vdash A^{\perp}, A} \xrightarrow{ax} \overline{\vdash B^{\perp}, B} \xrightarrow{ax}}{\vdash A^{\perp}, A \otimes B^{\perp}, B} \otimes \overline{\vdash C^{\perp}, C} \xrightarrow{ax} \otimes \frac{\overline{\vdash A^{\perp}, A \otimes B^{\perp}, B \otimes C^{\perp}, C}}{\vdash A^{\perp}, A \otimes B^{\perp}, (B \otimes C^{\perp}) \, \Im \, C} \xrightarrow{\gamma} \otimes \frac{\overline{\vdash A^{\perp}, A \otimes B^{\perp}, (B \otimes C^{\perp}) \, \Im \, C}}{\neg A^{\perp} \, \Im \, (A \otimes B^{\perp}), (B \otimes C^{\perp}) \, \Im \, C} \xrightarrow{\gamma}$$



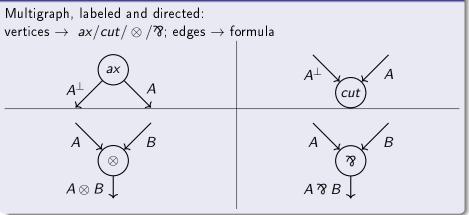




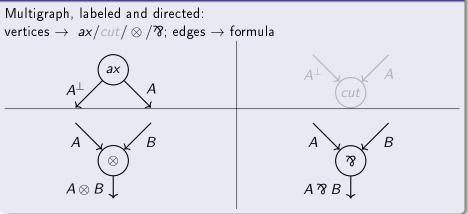
$$\frac{\overline{(+B^{\perp},B)}^{AX}}{(+B^{\perp},A)^{AX}} \xrightarrow{(+C^{\perp},C)} \otimes (B^{\perp},B^{\perp},B^{\perp},B^{\perp},B^{\perp},C^{\perp},C) \otimes (B^{\perp},B$$



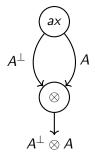
MLL Proof structure



MLL Proof structure

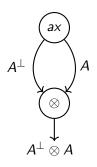


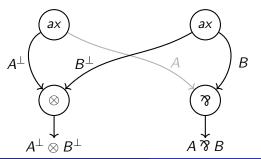
Structure & Net



Correctness graph:

Correctness graphs are acyclic and connected

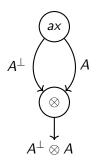


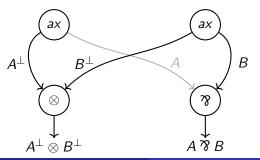


Correctness graph:

Remove one in-edge of each &-vertex Correctness criterion:

Correctness graphs are acyclic and connected

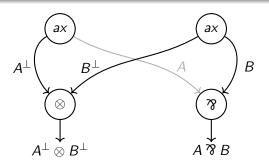


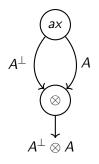


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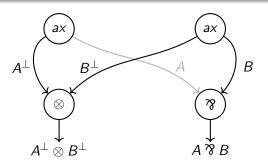


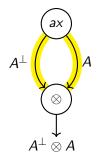


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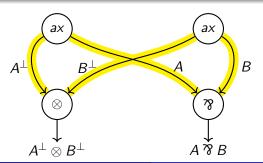


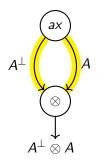


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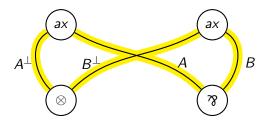


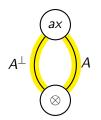


Correctness graph:

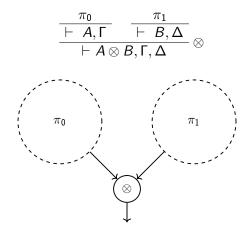
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Desequentialization



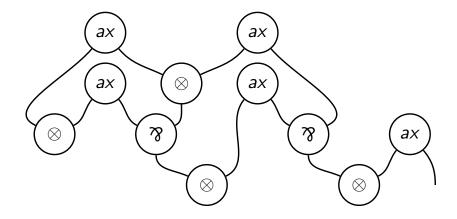
2 Sequentialization for MLL Proof Nets

- Presentation of MLL
- Sequentialization proof in MLL

Sequentialization for MALL Proof Nets

- Presentation of MALL
- Sequentialization proof in MALL

Conclusion



Towards sequentialization

Looking for a vertex corresponding to a possible last rule How to sequentialize then? Inverse of desequentialization!

Terminal vertex

No vertex below

Looking for a vertex corresponding to a possible last rule How to sequentialize then? Inverse of desequentialization!

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Sequentializing vertex

Terminal, non-leaf such that:

• %-vertex: always

Towards sequentialization

Looking for a vertex corresponding to a possible last rule How to sequentialize then? Inverse of desequentialization!

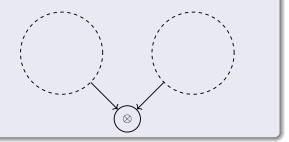
Terminal	vertex

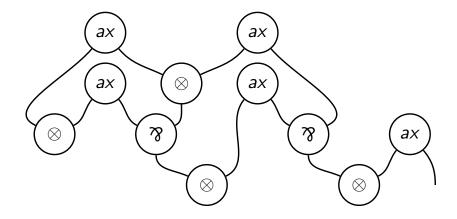
No vertex below

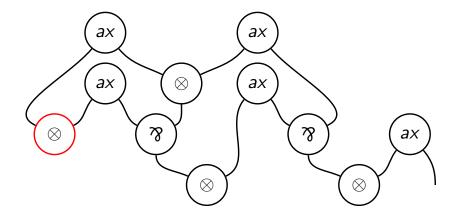
Sequentializing vertex

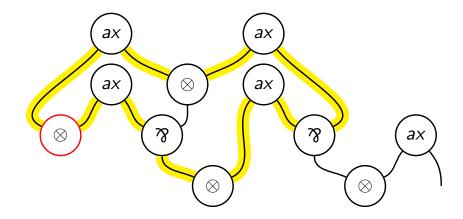
Terminal, non-leaf such that:

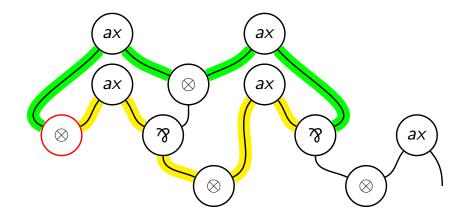
- %-vertex: always
- ⊗-vertex: remove it yields two connected components







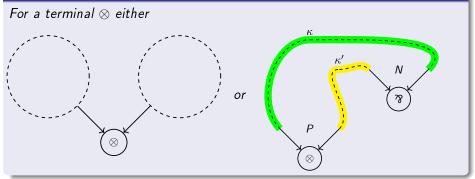




Correctness path

Dependencies for non-sequentializing \otimes

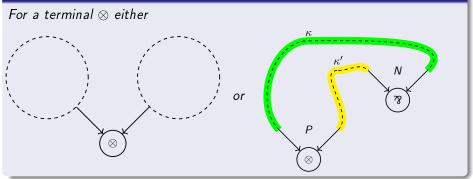
Lemma



Correctness path

Dependencies for non-sequentializing \otimes

Lemma



Sequentialization constraint: must sequentialize this \mathfrak{P} before the \otimes !

Correctness path

Dependencies for non-sequentializing \otimes

Switching path

Simple path without both in-edges of a \Im

Path surviving in some correctness graph

Strong path

Switching path not starting from a \Im through an in-edge

Switching paths which are easy to concatenate

Correctness path

Dependencies for non-sequentializing \otimes

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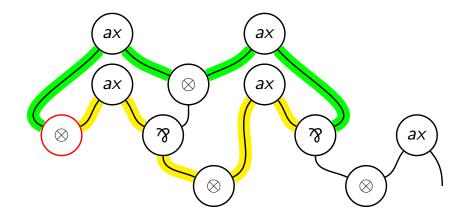
Strong path

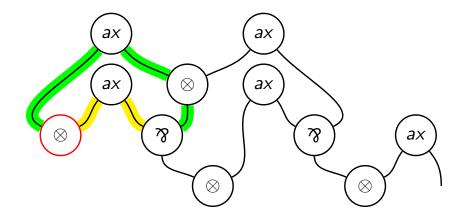
Switching path not starting from a $\operatorname{\mathfrak{V}}$ through an in-edge

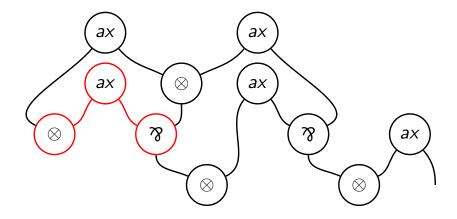
Switching paths which are easy to concatenate

Correctness \Im for a \otimes *P*

 \Im -vertex N with two disjoint strong paths κ and κ' starting with an in-edge of P and ending with an in-edge of N

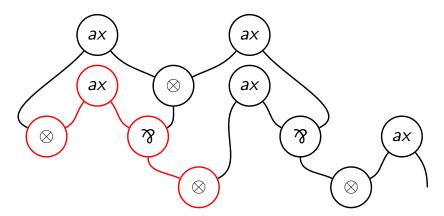






Descending path

Logical dependencies



Descending path

From a vertex to the root of its syntax tree; strong path

Dependency directly from the syntax

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Sequentialization of MALL Proof Nets

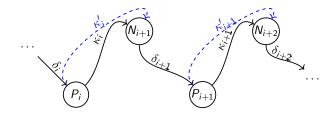
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Critical path Chain of dependencies

Critical path

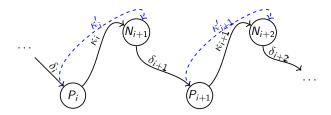
Concatenation of correctness path, descending path, ...



Critical path Chain of dependencies

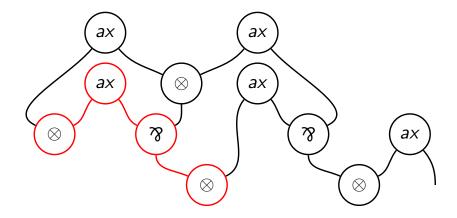
Critical path

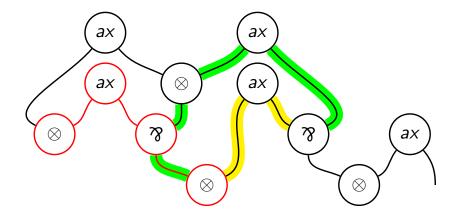
Concatenation of correctness path, descending path, ...

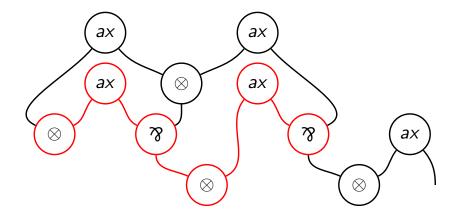


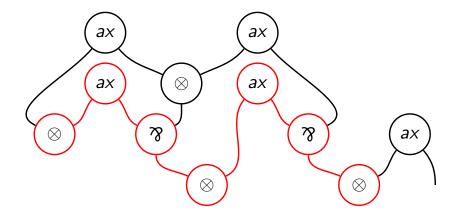
Properties:

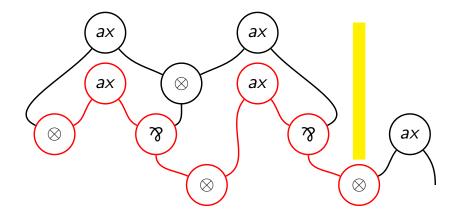
- strong path
- cannot go back
- can keep going until reaching a sequentializing vertex

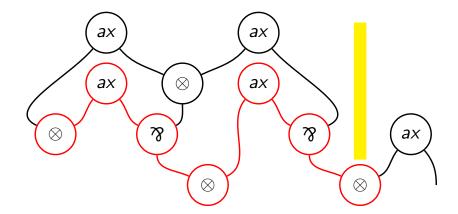














1 Introduction

2 Sequentialization for MLL Proof Nets

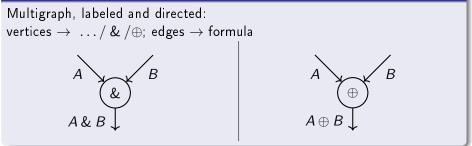
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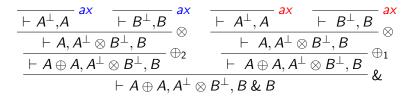
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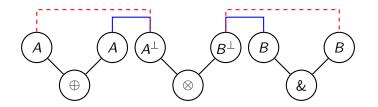
- Presentation of MALL
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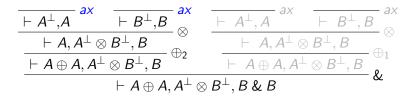
Conclusion

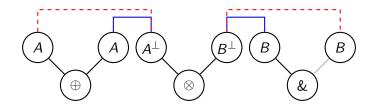
MALL Proof structure

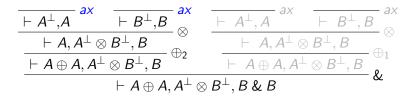


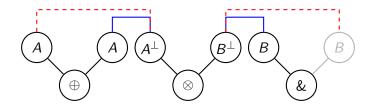




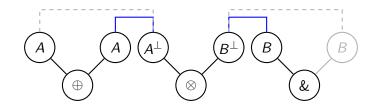




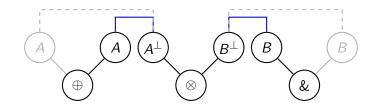












$$\frac{\vdash A, \Gamma \qquad \vdash B, \Gamma}{\vdash A \& B, \Gamma} \&$$

Slice = choice of premise for each &

Resolution (ALL correctness): Exactly one linking (= axioms set) by slice

Danos-Regnier (MLL correctness): Each linking is MLL-correct

$$\frac{\vdash A, \Gamma \qquad \vdash B, \Gamma}{\vdash A \& B, \Gamma} \&$$

Slice = choice of premise for each &

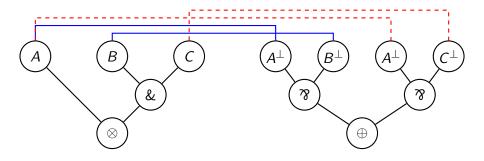
Resolution (ALL correctness): Exactly one linking (= axioms set) by slice

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DOES NOT WORK!

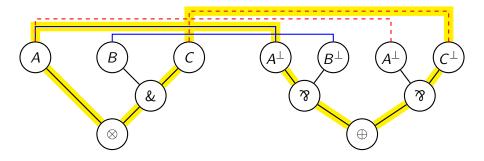
Slice-correctness: MLL and ALL side-by-side

Slice-correctness is not sufficient

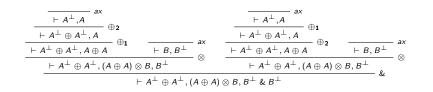


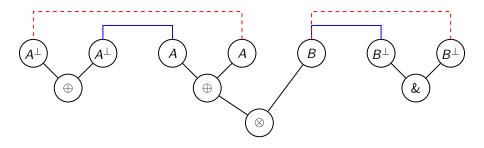
But $(A \otimes B) \& (A \otimes C) \not\vdash A \otimes (B \& C)$

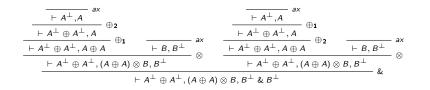
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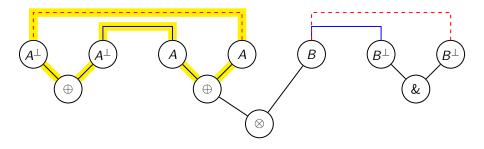


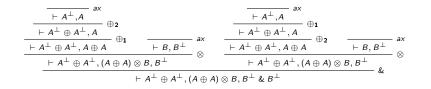
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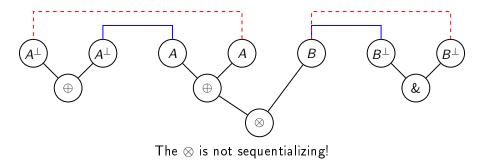


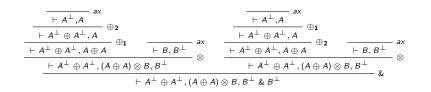


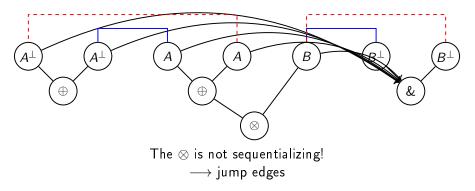












Correctness criterion (HVG)

- **O Resolution**: ALL-criterion (exactly one linking by &-resolution)
- Oanos-Regnier: MLL-criterion (all linking give a MLL proof net)
- Toggling: criterion for interaction between multiplicative and additive; forbids cycles caused by no &, which would be impossible to break

Correctness criterion (HVG)

- **O Resolution**: ALL-criterion (exactly one linking by &-resolution)
- Oanos-Regnier: MLL-criterion (all linking give a MLL proof net)
- Orggling: criterion for interaction between multiplicative and additive; forbids cycles caused by no &, which would be impossible to break

Jump edges: from an axiom to a & on which it depends **Toggling**: for a set of ≥ 2 linkings, there is a & with both premises taken and in no switching cycle of these linkings

 $A, B \in$ switching cycle \iff in some slices A before B, in others B before Correct if there is a & whose dependencies are independent of slices

1 Introduction

2 Sequentialization for MLL Proof Nets

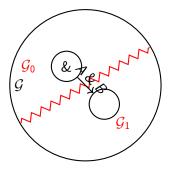
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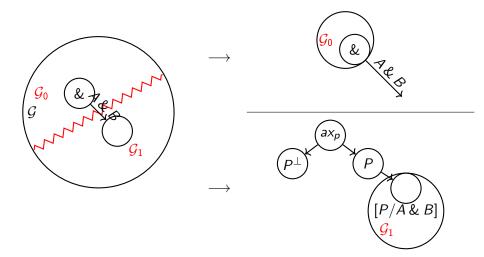
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Conclusion

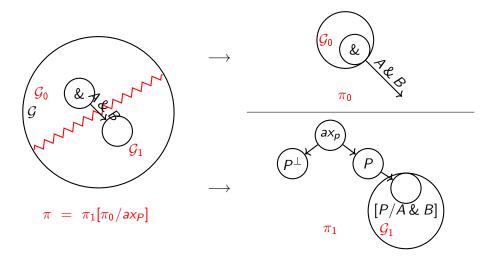
Sequentialization - Splitting $\gg\&$ lemma (HVG)



Sequentialization - Splitting $\sqrt[3]{\&}$ lemma (HVG)



Sequentialization - Splitting $\mathcal{B} \$ lemma (HVG)



Sequentializing vertex

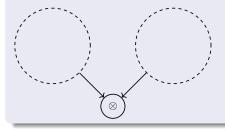
Terminal, non-leaf such that:

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Sequentializing vertex

Terminal, non-leaf such that:

- %\&-vertex: always
- *Solution Solution Solution and Solution a*



Sequentializing vertex

Terminal, non-leaf such that:

- %\&-vertex: always
- *Solution Solution Solution and Solution a*
- \bullet \oplus -vertex: no left or right formula tree for it



Correctness $\mathcal{P} \&$

Terminal non-sequentializing $\otimes \setminus \oplus \longrightarrow$ correctness $\Im \setminus \&$

Finding them:

- Easy for \oplus , always depend on a &
- $\otimes \mathfrak{P}$ as in MLL
- $\bullet \, \otimes \, \&$ harder: need to find a "good" slice, where the dependency is visible

Correctness $\mathcal{P} \&$

Terminal non-sequentializing $\otimes \setminus \oplus \longrightarrow$ correctness $\Im \setminus \&$

Finding them:

- Easy for ⊕, always depend on a &
- $\otimes \mathfrak{P}$ as in MLL
- $\bullet \, \otimes \, \&$ harder: need to find a "good" slice, where the dependency is visible

Correctness = dependency inside one slice If no switching cycle then dependency inside all slices Critical path as in MLL ... but not with all its properties Switching cycles are now allowed \implies may go back on our path Critical path as in MLL ... but not with all its properties Switching cycles are now allowed \implies may go back on our path

Need to follow dependencies holding across all slices, to not run in cycles! Simple solution: (almost) forbid switching cycles in the critical path Critical path as in MLL ... but not with all its properties Switching cycles are now allowed \implies may go back on our path

Need to follow dependencies holding across all slices, to not run in cycles! Simple solution: (almost) forbid switching cycles in the critical path

Halting condition

Reaching a sequentializing vertex or a switching cycle

We need a way to continue our critical path through these cycles!

Every non-empty union S of switching cycles of \mathcal{G}_{θ} has a jump out of it: for some leaf $I \in S$ and &-vertex $W \notin S$, there is a jump $I \to W$ in \mathcal{G}_{θ} .

Given switching cycles, can find a & that created some of them

Proposition

- χ is a non-empty non-cyclic strong path
- $t(\xi)$ is a &-vertex to which ξ arrives through a jump
- there is no strong path α from $t(\xi)$ to $\xi \setminus \{t(\xi)\}$, with α disjoint from ξ

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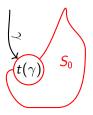
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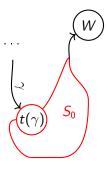
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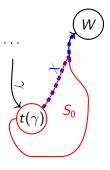
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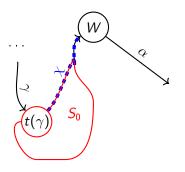
Start with S_0 the cycle at the end of the path Invariant: S_i = connected union of switching cycles, $S_{i-1} \subsetneq S_i$ Result: connected union of switching cycles \implies connected w.r.t. strong paths



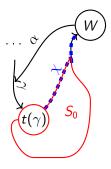
• Lemma \longrightarrow &-vertex W with a jump out of S_i



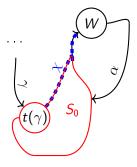
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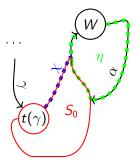
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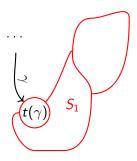
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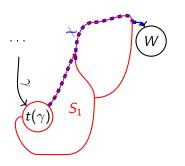


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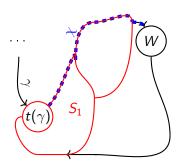
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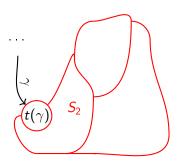
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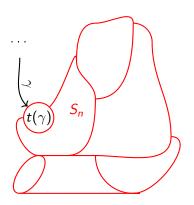
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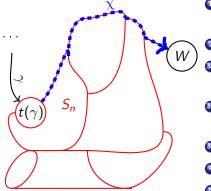
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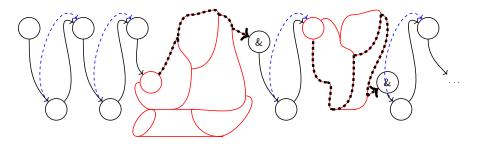
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Global picture



Conclusion

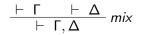
Sequentialization

Proof for MALL = proof for MLL + taking care of cycles

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Ongoing and future work:

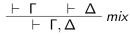
• Adapt in the presence of the mix rule?



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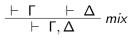
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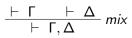
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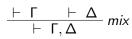


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Questions?



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Multiplicative Additive Linear Logic - MALL

Formulas

$$A, B := X \mid X^{\perp} \mid A \otimes B \mid A \,\mathfrak{F} B \mid A \,\mathfrak{B} B \mid A \oplus B$$
$$X^{\perp \perp} = X \quad (A \otimes B)^{\perp} = A^{\perp} \,\mathfrak{F} B^{\perp} \quad (A \,\mathfrak{F} B)^{\perp} = A^{\perp} \otimes B^{\perp}$$
$$(A \,\mathfrak{E} B)^{\perp} = A^{\perp} \oplus B^{\perp} \quad (A \oplus B)^{\perp} = A^{\perp} \,\mathfrak{E} B^{\perp}$$

Sequents

$$\vdash A_1,\ldots,A_n$$

Rules

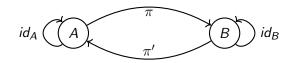
$$\frac{}{\vdash A^{\perp},A} \stackrel{ax}{=} \frac{}{\vdash A,\Gamma} \stackrel{\vdash A^{\perp},\Delta}{\vdash \Gamma,\Delta} cut \qquad \frac{}{\vdash \sigma(\Gamma)} ex(\sigma)$$

$$\frac{}{\vdash A,\Gamma} \stackrel{\vdash B,\Delta}{\vdash A \otimes B,\Gamma,\Delta} \otimes \frac{}{\vdash A,B,\Gamma} \stackrel{P}{\to A \otimes B,\Gamma} \Re$$

$$\frac{}{\vdash A,\Gamma} \stackrel{\vdash B,\Gamma}{\vdash A \otimes B,\Gamma} \& \frac{}{\vdash A \oplus B,\Gamma} \oplus_{1} \frac{}{\vdash A \oplus B,\Gamma} \oplus_{2}$$

Linear isomorphism

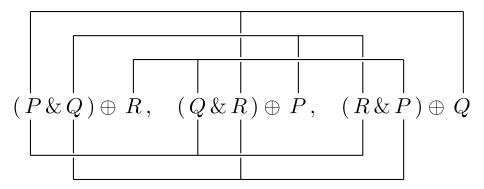
Two formulas A and B are **isomorphic** if there exists proofs π of $\vdash A^{\perp}, B$ and π' of $\vdash B^{\perp}, A$ whose composition by cut over B (resp. A) is equal to the axiom on A (resp. B) up to cut elimination and axiom expansion.



Commutativity		Associativity				
$A \otimes B = B \otimes A$	$A \ \mathcal{B} B = B \ \mathcal{B} A$	$A \otimes (B \otimes C)$	$= (A \otimes B) \otimes C$	A % (B % C)) = (A % B) % C	
$A \oplus B = B \oplus A$	<i>A</i> & <i>B</i> = <i>B</i> & <i>A</i>	$A \oplus (B \oplus C)$	$= (A \oplus B) \oplus C$	A & (B & C)	(A & B) & C	
Multiplicative-additive distributivity						
$A \otimes (B \oplus C) = (A \otimes B) \oplus (A \otimes C)$			$A \Im (B \& C) = (A \Im B) \& (A \Im C)$			
Neutrality				Absorption		
$A \otimes 1 = A$	A $\Im \perp = A$	$A \oplus 0 = A$	$A \& \top = A$	$A \otimes 0 = 0$	A % $\top = \top$	

33/33

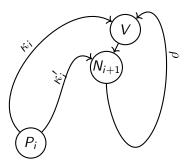
Toggling condition



$$R = P^{\perp} \otimes Q^{\perp}$$

Difficulties for sequentializing

- Not passing through cycles? Does not seem possible in every case
- Local / Global correction (N before P in one slice / all slices); switching cycles → correction &
- Problematic case:

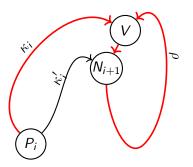


• Finally: concentrate all difficulties in connected unions of switching cycles

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Difficulties for sequentializing

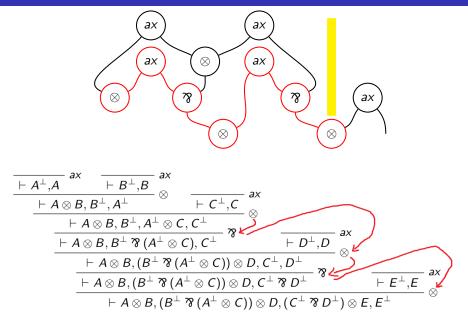
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Leading example - Tree



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