The relative signed clique number of planar graphs is 8

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This work

Has been published as:

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Has been published as:

The relative signed clique number of planar graphs is 8. Sandip Das, Soumen Nandi, Sagnik Sen and Ritesh Seth. CALDAM 2019: Algorithms and Discrete Applied Mathematics.

As journal version (in preparation)

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Joint work of Sandip Das, Soumen Nandi, Sagnik Sen, Ritesh Seth, Dibyayan Chakraborty and Eric Sopena

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Joint work of Sandip Das, Soumen Nandi, Sagnik Sen, Ritesh Seth, Dibyayan Chakraborty and Eric Sopena

We restrict discussion to current work

And the work

And the work

Based on the paper:

And the work

Based on the paper:

Relative clique number of planar signed graphs. Sandip Das, Prantar Ghosh, Swathy Prabhu and Sagnik Sen. Discrete Applied Mathematics (in press).

• simple graphs

- - $\left(\right)$



- simple graphs
- has positive edges





- simple graphs
- has positive edges
- has negative edges





- simple graphs
- has positive edges
- has negative edges





- simple graphs
- has positive edges
- has negative edges

Unbalanced 4-cycle



vertex subset R of a signed graph whose non-adjacent vertices are part of an unbalanced 4-cycle

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 $\omega_{rs}(G) = \max\{|R|: R \text{ is a relative clique of } G\}$

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 $\omega_{rs}(G) = \max\{|R|: R \text{ is a relative clique of } G\}$ $\omega_{rs}(F) = \max\{\omega_{rs}(G): G \text{ is in } F\}$



Open question

Question (Naserasr during 2nd Autumn meeting on signed graphs 2013, communicated to me by Sen): For the family P of planar graphs, what is $\omega_{rs}(P) = ?$

Our result (Das, Nandi, Sen and Seth)

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Theorem: For the family P of planar graphs, $\omega_{rs}(P) = 8.$

proof sketch ...

Proof (sketch)

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Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9 such that G is minimal.

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Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9 such that G is minimal. Then some conventions:

• = good vertices = vertices of the relative clique

O = helper vertices = not good vertices

O = maybe good or helper

Proof (sketch)

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Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9 such that G is minimal. Then the following configurations are forbidden in G:

Proof (sketch)

Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9. Then the following configurations (F_k) are forbidden in G:



Switch operation

Switch operation

switch a vertex=switch signs of incident edges

Switch operation

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• switch a vertex=switch signs of incident edges

relative cliques are switch invariant



Forbidden configuration $(F_k, k \ge 7)$::

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Forbidden configuration $(F_k, k \ge 7)$:

switch and assume all positive with x



Forbidden configuration $(F_k, k \ge 7)$:



switch and by PHP least 4 are also positive with y

Forbidden configuration $(F_k, k \ge 7)$:



these 4 can not reach each other

Forbidden configuration $(F_k, k \ge 7)$:







at least 9 good



u on outerface



u can not reach v unless forcing F_{7}



































Adding another vertex on same face









Needs to add 4 good vertices


It can be showed C_1 , C_2 , C_3 must be independent to avoid F_4



Proof requirs complicated case analysis. We skip it.







Enforces to create F_4 to reach c_1



F3 Forbidden



Theorem: For the family P of planar graphs, $\omega_{rs}(P) = 8$.

Proof (sketch)

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Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9.

Theorem: For the family P of planar graphs, $\omega_{rs}(P) = 8.$

Proof (sketch)

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Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9. Then F_k (k>2) is forbidden.

Theorem: For the family P of planar graphs, $\omega_{rs}(P) = 8$.

Proof (sketch)

Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9. Then F_k (k>2) is forbidden.

> a helper has deg ≥ 4 due to minimality.

 \geq

Theorem: For the family P of planar graphs, $\omega_{rs}(P) = 8$.

Proof (sketch)

Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9. Then F_k (k>2) is forbidden.

> a helper has deg \geq 4 due to minimality. > helpers are independent due to minimality.

Theorem: For the family P of planar graphs, $\omega_{rs}(P) = 8.$

Proof (sketch)

Let G be a planar signed graph with relative clique number at least 9. Then F_k (k>2) is forbidden.

> a helper has deg \geq 4 due to minimality. > helpers are independent due to minimality. > no helper implies done (Naserasr, Rollova, Sopena 2015)





Forced:

implies F_3 or an unique graph which is not a counterexample

Forced:

implies F_3 or an unique graph which is not a counterexample



Thank You