

Kits, groupoids, and linear logic

Hugo Paquet
University of Oxford

Joint work with Marcelo Fiore & Zeinab Galal

Relational semantics

Relational semantics

Type / Formula A

Set A

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Set A

Program of type A
/ Proof of A

$x \in \mathcal{P}(A)$

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The category Rel

objects = sets

morphisms $A \rightarrow B$ = relations $R \subseteq A \times B$

or $A \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(B)$

or $B \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(A)$

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$x \in \mathcal{P}(A)$

this is a
relation $1 \rightarrow A$



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Relational semantics, **refined**

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Type / Formula

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Set A + **structure**

Program / Proof

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$x \in Q(A) \subseteq \mathcal{P}(A)$

 nice properties

Relational semantics, **refined**

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Set A + **structure**

e.g. a partial order \leq
a binary relation on A
the subset $\mathcal{Q}(A)$

Program / Proof

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The category **QRel**

objects = sets with structure

morphisms $A \rightarrow B$ = relations $R \subseteq A \times B$ such that

- $R : A \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(B)$ preserves \mathcal{Q}
- $R : B \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(A)$ “co-preserved” \mathcal{Q}

Relational semantics, **refined**

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The

EXAMPLES

finiteness spaces [Ehrhard 2005]

coherence spaces [Girard 1986]

totality spaces [Loader 1994]

bisttructures [Curien-Plotkin-Winskel 1994]

...

Relational semantics, **categorified**

Type / Formula

Program / Proof

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Type / Formula

Groupoid \mathbb{A}

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$X \in \text{PSh}(\mathbb{A}) = [\mathbb{A}^{\text{op}}, \text{Set}]$

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The bicategory Prof

objects = groupoids

morphisms $\mathbb{A} \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ = profunctors $\mathbb{B}^{\text{op}} \times \mathbb{A} \rightarrow \text{Set}$,

or $\mathbb{A} \rightarrow \text{PSh}(\mathbb{B})$

or $\mathbb{B}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{PSh}(\mathbb{A}^{\text{op}})$

This talk:

relational semantics, **categorified** + **refined**

1. **Kits:** **groupoids** **with structure**
2. Profunctors that “preserve and co-preserve” kits
3. Species, and a CCC of **stable** functors
(nice properties)

Type / Formula

Groupoid A

+ ??

Program / Proof

$X \in Q(A) \hookrightarrow \text{PSh}(A)$

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Program / Proof

$X \in Q(\mathbb{A}) \hookrightarrow \text{PSh}(\mathbb{A})$

Every $X \in \text{PSh}(\mathbb{A})$ is a
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$$y(a) = \mathbb{A}(-, a)$$

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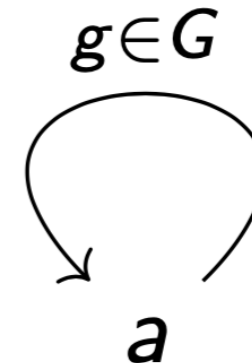
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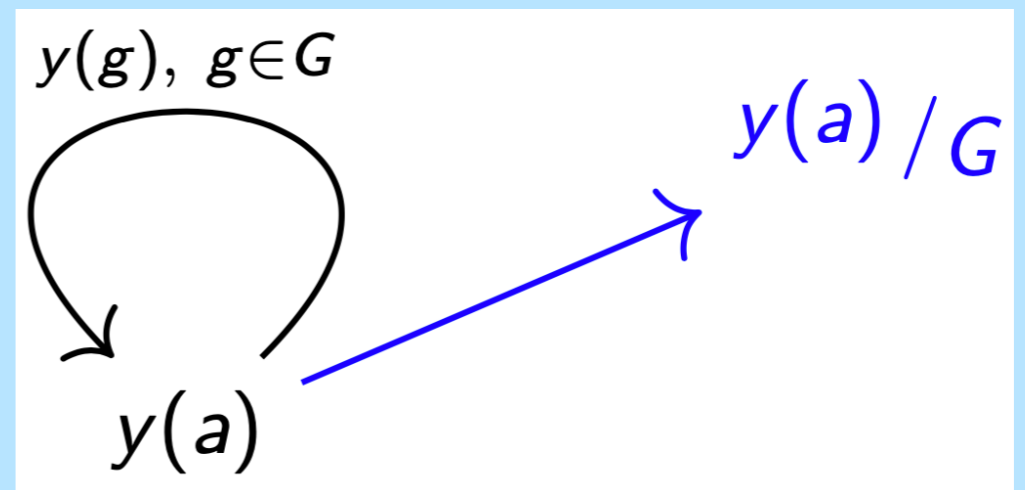


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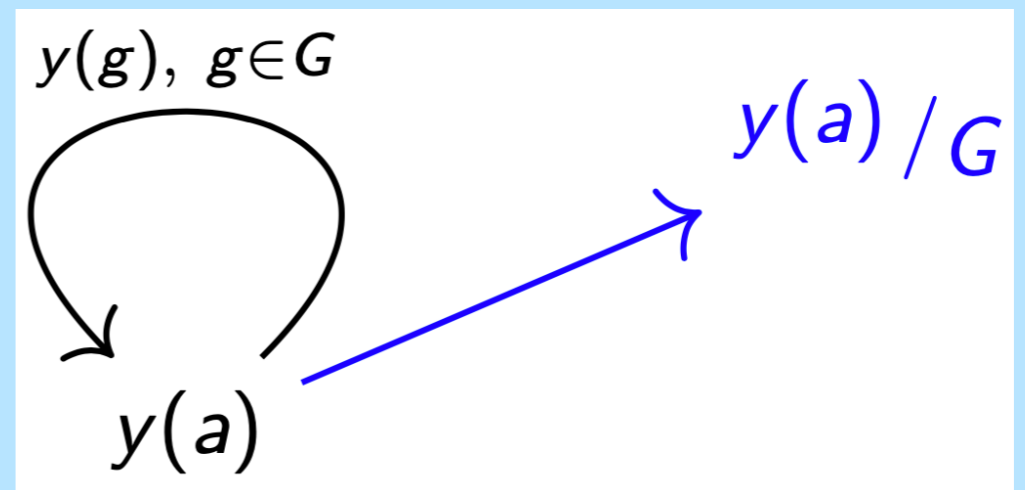


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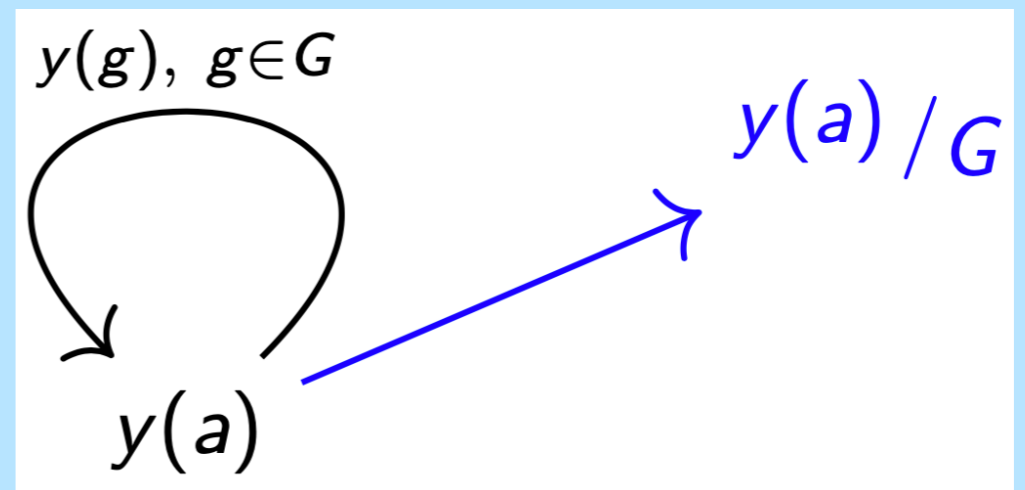


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 where $\alpha \sim \alpha'$ if $\alpha = g \circ \alpha'$

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A **kit** on a groupoid \mathbb{A} is a family

$$\{\mathcal{A}(a)\}_{a \in \mathbb{A}}$$

where each $\mathcal{A}(a)$ is a set of subgroups of $\mathbb{A}(a, a)$
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Type / Formula

Groupoid \mathbb{A}

+ kit \mathcal{A}

Program / Proof

$X \in Q(\mathbb{A}, \mathcal{A}) \hookrightarrow \text{PSh}(\mathbb{A})$

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Groupoid A

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For every kit \mathcal{A} on A

there is a **dual kit** \mathcal{A}^\perp on A^{op}

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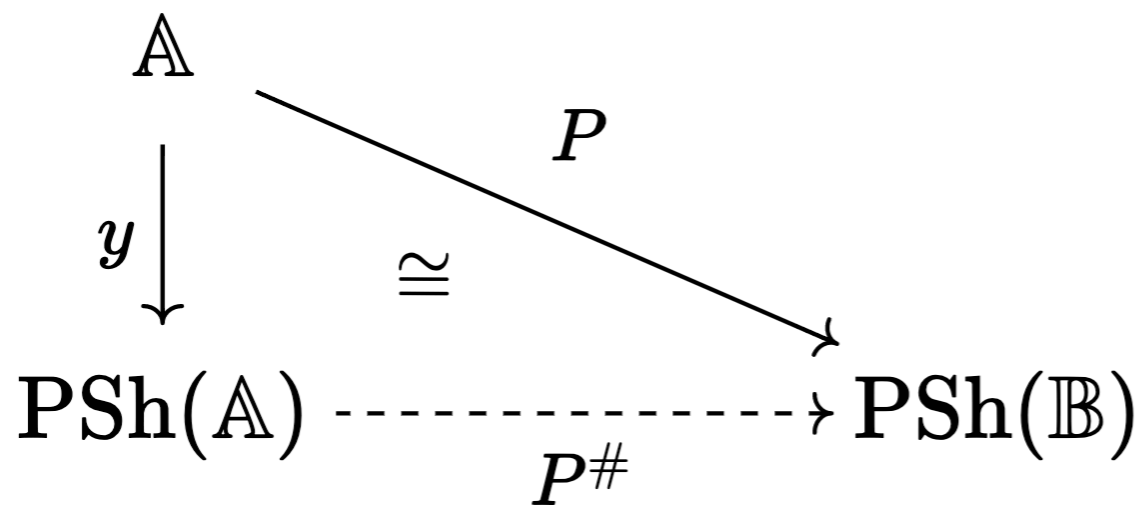
1. **Kits**: groupoids with structure
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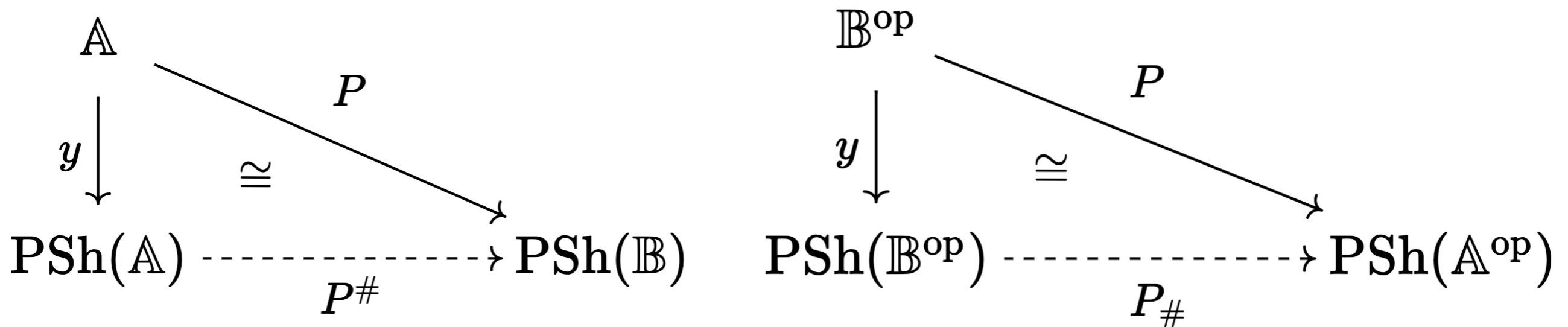
A profunctor induces functors
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Profunctors between kits

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 co-preserves $Q(-)$

The bicategory **QProf**

objects = groupoids with kits

morphisms $(A, \mathcal{A}) \rightarrow (B, \mathcal{B})$ = **q-profunctors**

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Tensor product of kits

The kit $\mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{B}$ on $\mathbb{A} \times \mathbb{B}$

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$(G \in \mathcal{A}(a), H \in \mathcal{B}(b))$

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QProf is symmetric
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$$A \multimap B = (A \otimes B^\perp)^\perp$$

(In fact **QProf** is \ast -autonomous)

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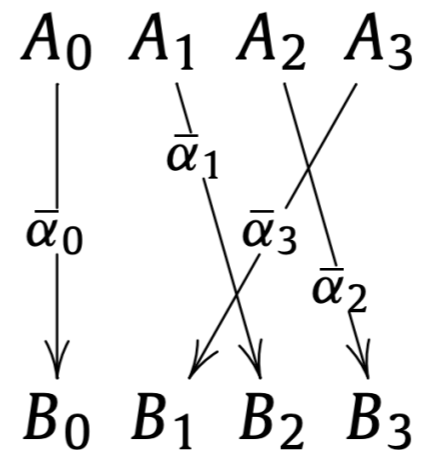
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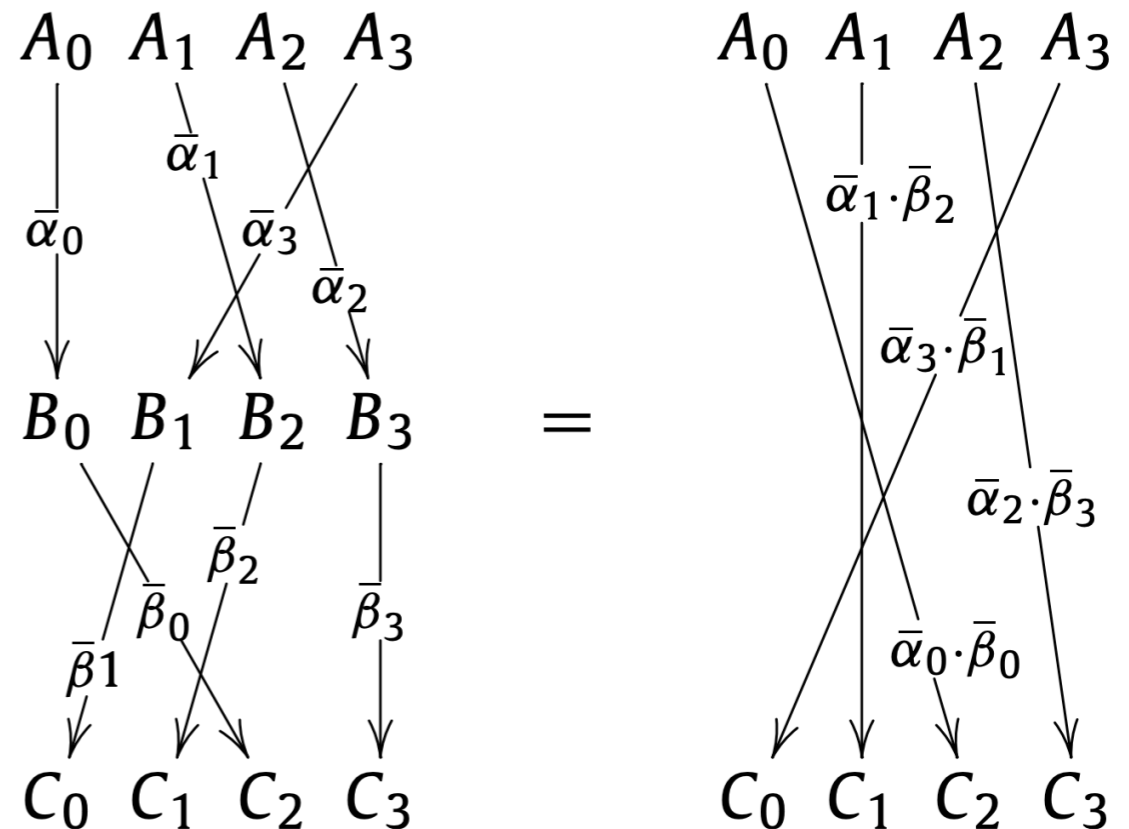
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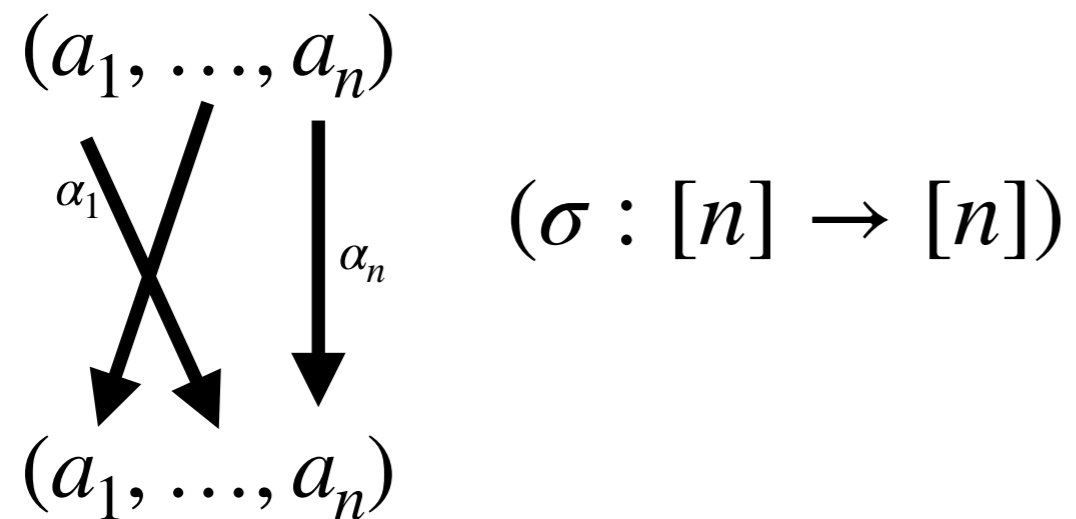
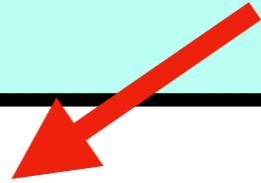
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Species is cartesian closed

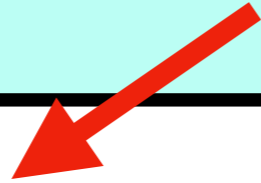
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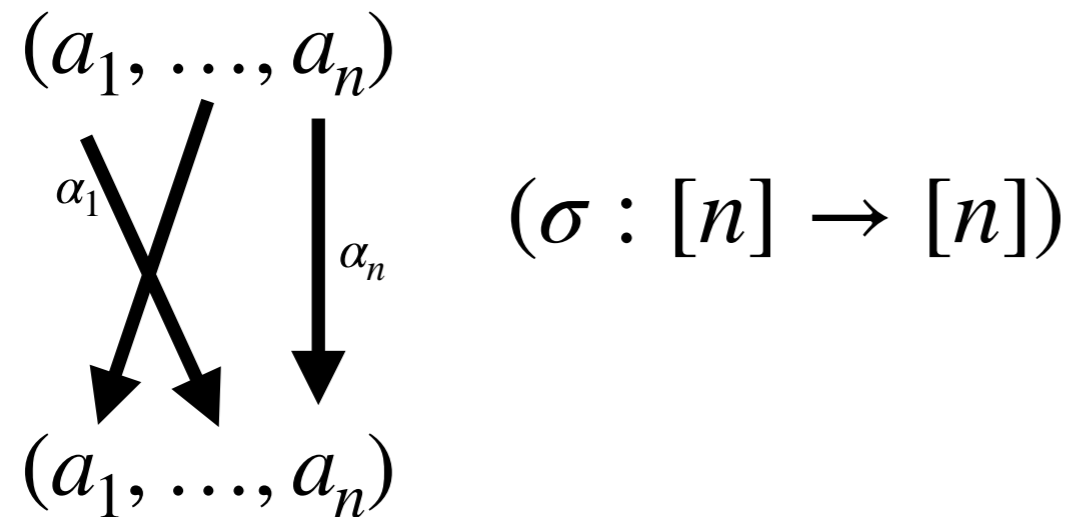


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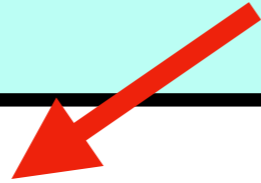


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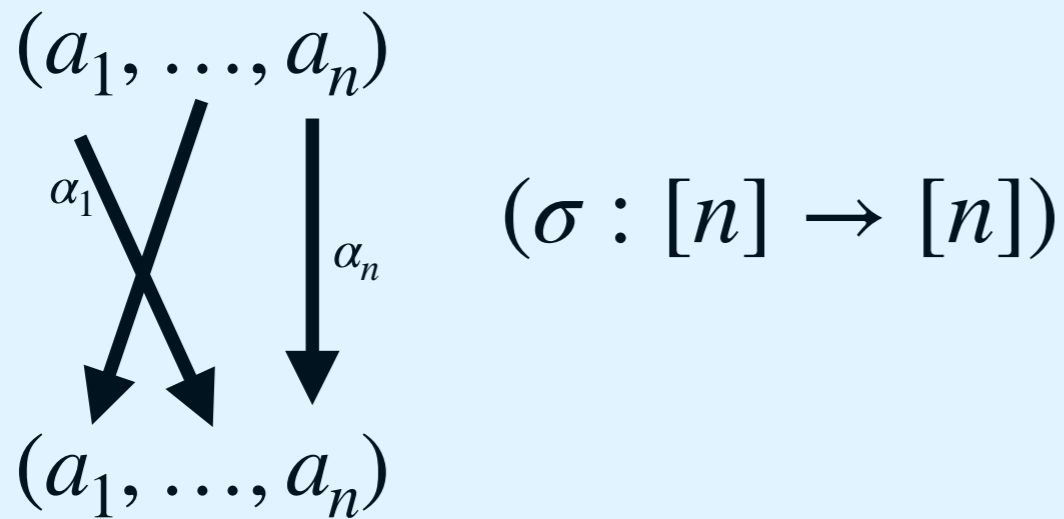


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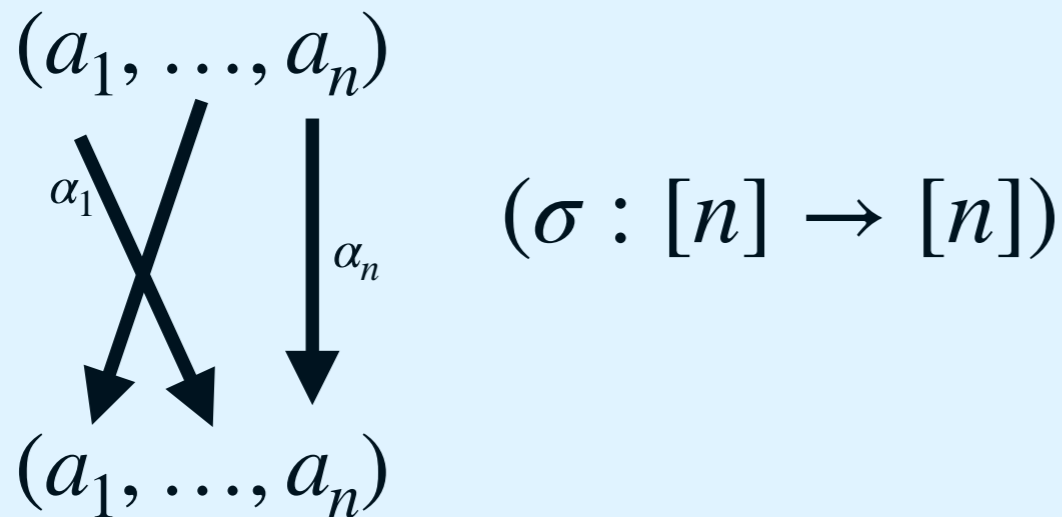
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such that each

$$a_i \rightarrow a_{\sigma(i)} \rightarrow a_{\sigma^2(i)} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow a_i$$

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$$G_i \in \mathcal{A}(a_i).$$

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! is a comonad on **QProf** and

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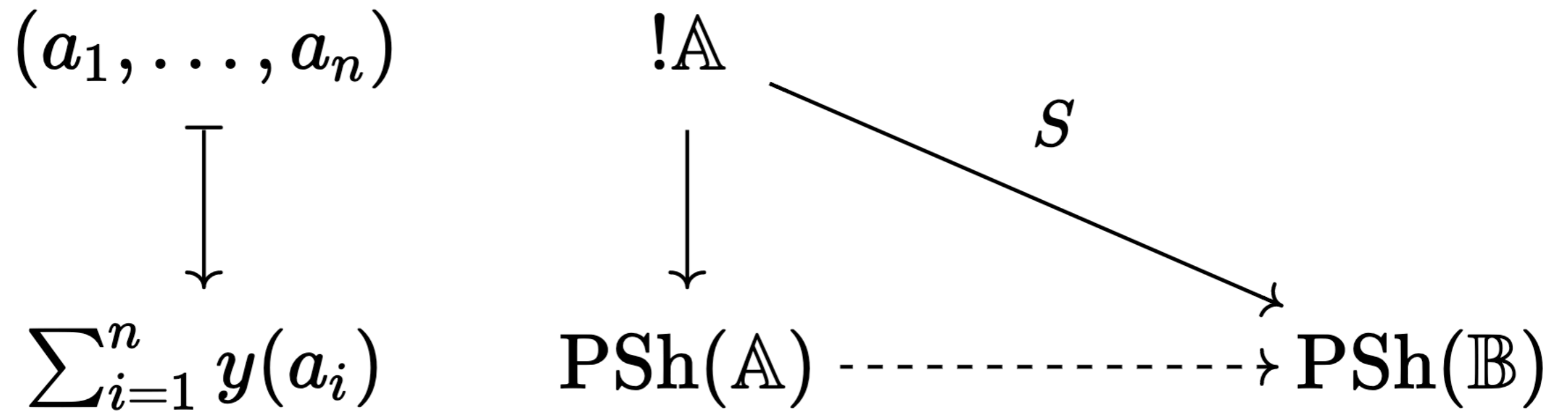
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Theorem.

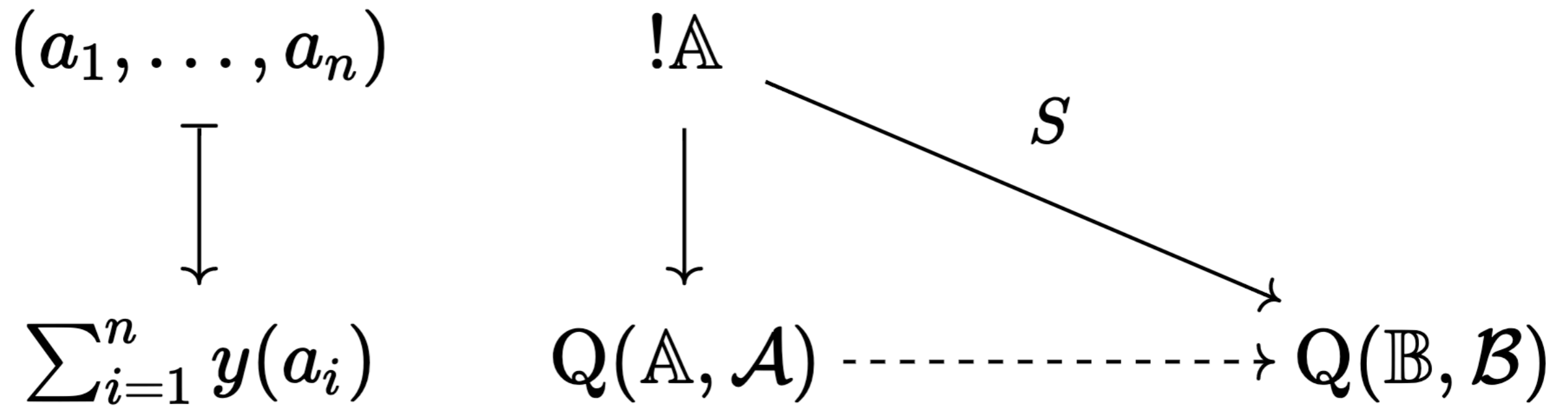
QSpecies is cartesian closed

A species \mathcal{S} can be extended to a functor
 $\text{PSh}(\mathbb{A}) \rightarrow \text{PSh}(\mathbb{B})$:

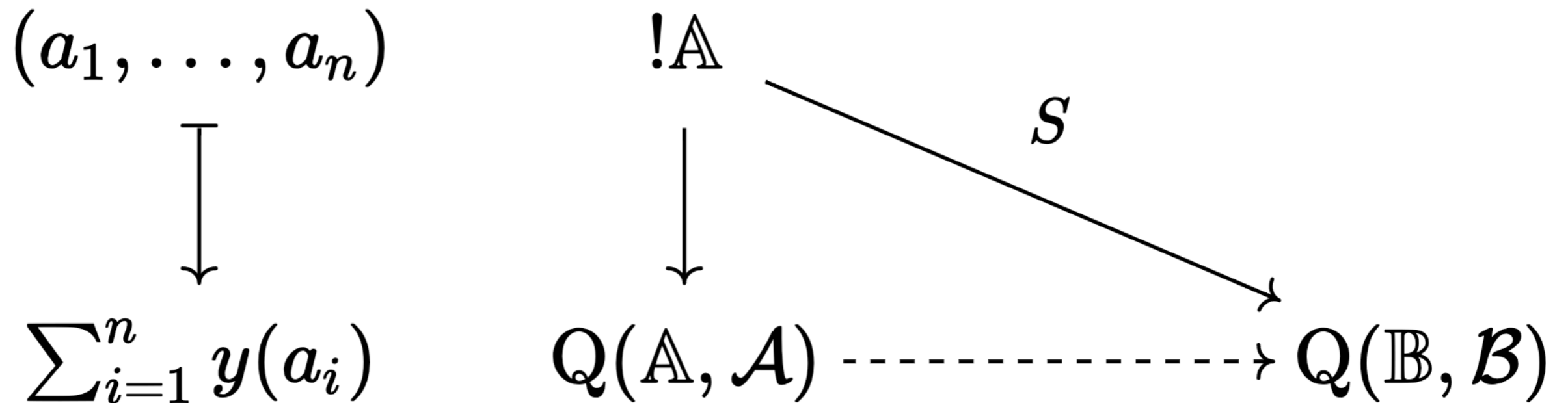
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Thm.

These functors $\mathbf{Q}(\mathbb{A}, \mathcal{A}) \rightarrow \mathbf{Q}(\mathbb{B}, \mathcal{B})$ are (up to iso) those which are:

- finitary
- parametric right adjoint (= right adjoint on each slice)

Stability

Computational intuition: *minimal data property*

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Defn. (for CPOs)

[Berry 1978]

A continuous $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is stable if :

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x

$f(x)$



y

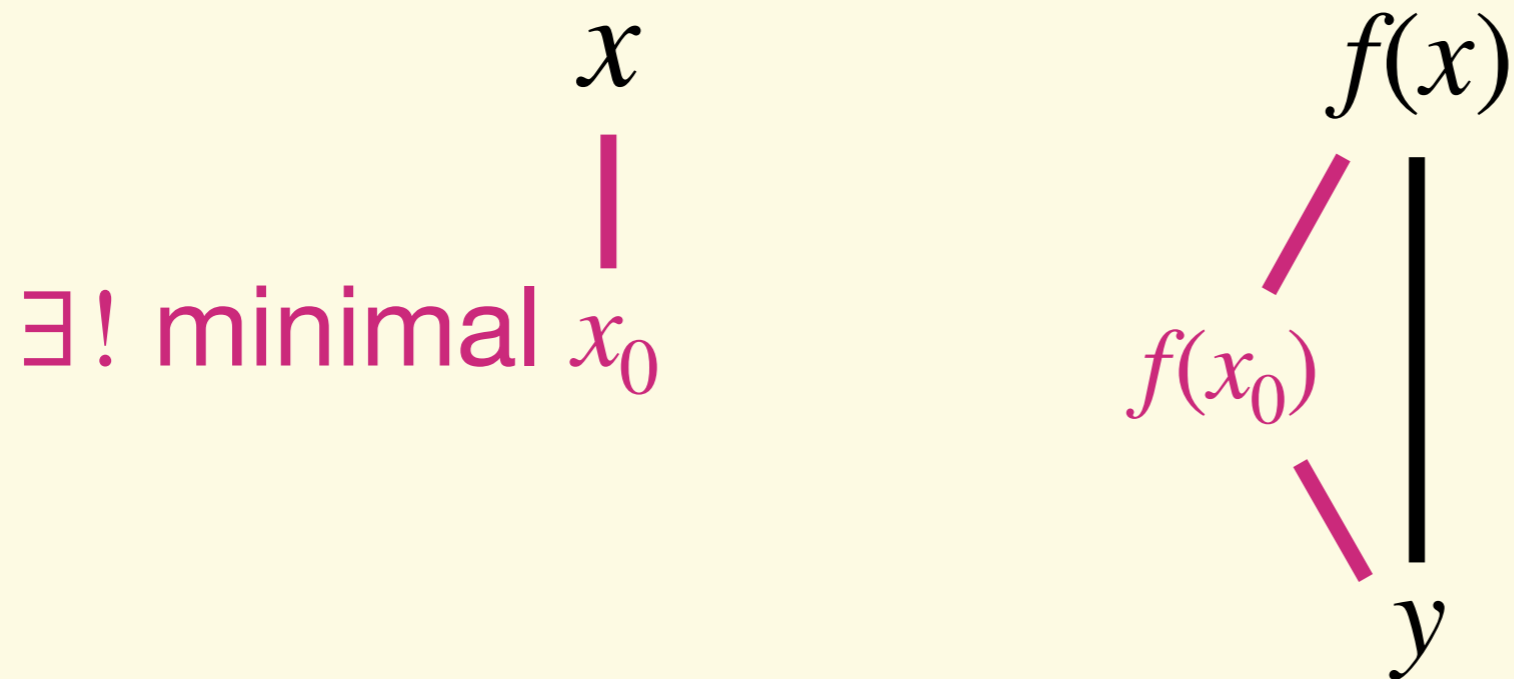
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A finitary functor $F : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$ is stable if :

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$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & & F(X) \\ & & \uparrow f \\ & & Y \end{array}$$

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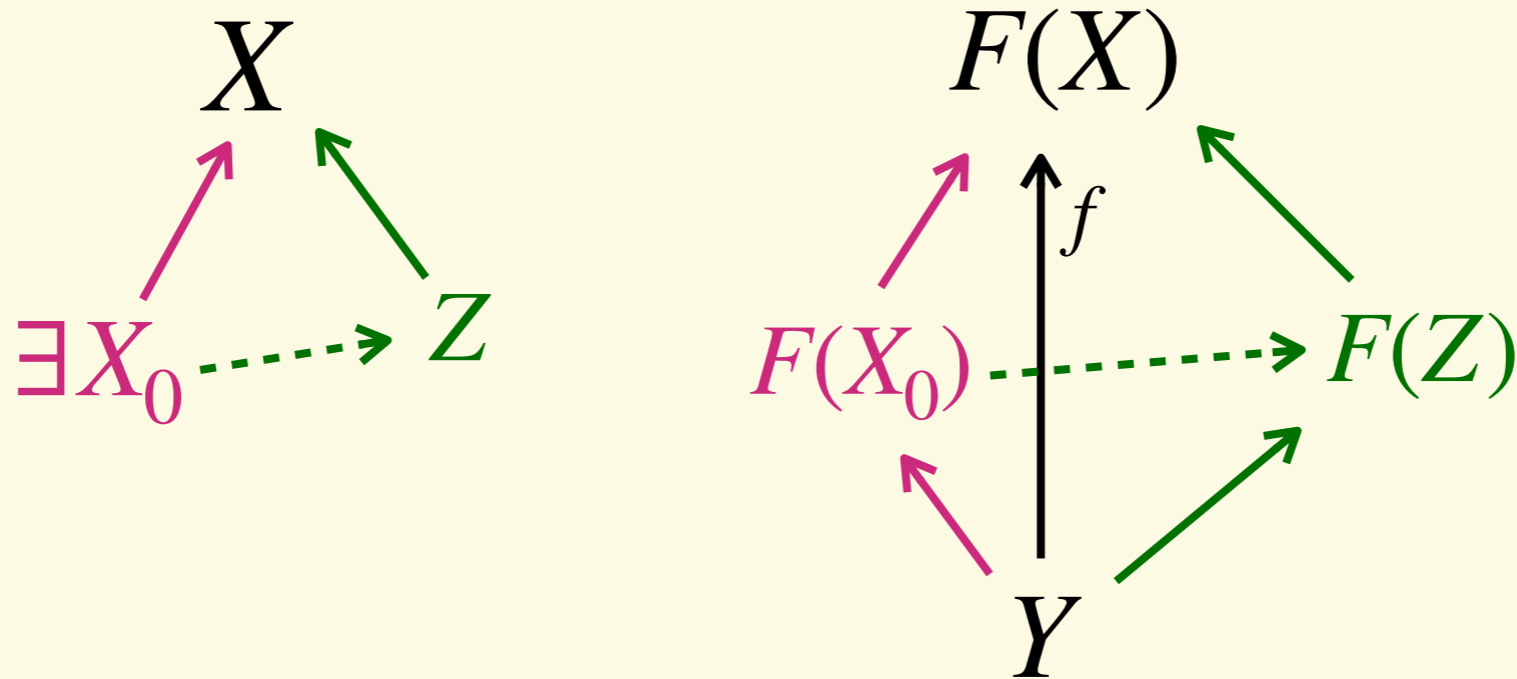


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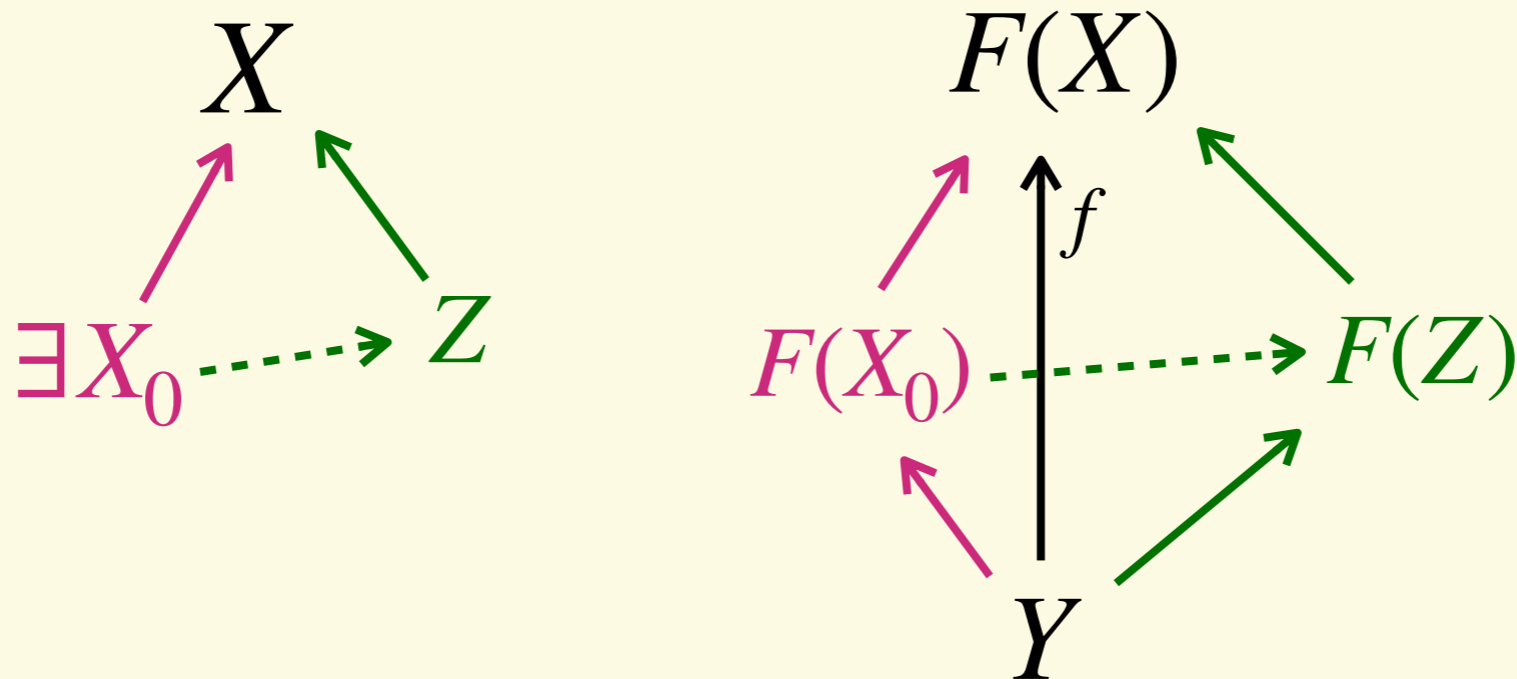


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Prop. stable \iff parametric right adjoint

Conclusion

- Groupoids with kits and q-profunctors: a model of classical linear logic
- QSpecies: a cartesian closed bicategory of stable functors [Lamarche] [Taylor] [Girard] ..
- Applications